

UNITEDSTATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2009 AN	D ENDING1	12/31/2009
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	ON	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: America	n Family Securities, LLC	}	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
6000 American Parkway			
	(No. and Street)		
Madison	WI		53783-0001
(City)	(State)	(Z	Cip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P Jane Nordby	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REGAR	(608) 24	42-4100 x31202 (Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICATI		SEC Wait Processing Section
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in this R	Leport*	FEB 2 62010
PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP			LAL-Lineton DC
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, mid	dle name)	Washington, DC 110
One North Wacker	Chicago	IL	60606
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its possessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
	·		

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Kari Grasee	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best	of
-		financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
	merican Family Securities, December 31		, as
		etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any accoun	ıt
classi	fied solely as that of a customer, exce	t as follows:	
	No. of the second secon	Ka. OA	
		Mu Masee	
		Signature	
	rangi ili	Wise Durations Games 11 and	
	Lance	Vice President - Controller -	
1.61	Link Political	Title	
V,	m honky to No moder		
- 124	Semes a Nhary Public	•	
MY (ERLY A, SCHROEDER NOTARY PUBLIC STA	E OF WISCONSIN	
This r	COMMISSION EXPIRES DECEMBER 12 2010 eport ** contains (check all applicable	boxes):	
	n) Facing Page.		
	b) Statement of Financial Condition.		
	e) Statement of Income (Loss).		
	d) Statement of Changes in Financial		
		rs' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
**) Statement of Changes in Liabilities	Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
	g) Computation of Net Capital.	Dagarra Dagarinamanta Dunguant ta Dula 15-2-2	
		eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. on or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.	
		ate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the	•
□ 0.		ne Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	5
		d and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods	s of
— (r	consolidation.	a and analysis of the month of	, 01
X (1) An Oath or Affirmation.		
	n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental I	eport.	
		equacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous	audi

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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SEC Mail Processing Section

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Washington, DC

American Family Securities, LLC

(A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by American Family Mutual Insurance Company (AFMIC))

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 December 31, 2009

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Contents December 31, 2009

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PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP One North Wacker Chicago IL 60606 Telephone (312) 298 2000 Facsimile (312) 298 2001

Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Member of American Family Securities, LLC:

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of financial condition, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity and cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of American Family Securities, LLC (a limited liability company wholly owned by the American Family Mutual Insurance Company) (the "Company") at December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Supplemental Schedules on pages 10 and 11 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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February 19, 2010

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company of wholly owned by AFMIC) Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

(in thousands of dollars)	
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 303
Total assets	\$ 303
Liabilities	
Federal income tax payable	\$ 1
Total liabilities	 1
Member's Equity	302
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 303

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2009

(in thousands of dollars)	
Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 3,185
Management fee	10,584
Investment income	2
Other revenue	348
Total revenues	14,119
Expenses	
Salaries and payroll taxes	4,161
Sales commissions	3,185
Other field compensation	1,273
Employee relations and welfare	1,002
Computer	688
Rent	648
Licenses and fees	623
Postage and freight	593
Printing	556
Consultants	540
Contract programmers	244
Legal	72
Operating - other	532
Total expenses	14,117
Income before income taxes	2
Current income taxes	1
Net income	\$ 1

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Statement of Changes in Member's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2009

(in thousands of dollars)	
Balance as of December 31, 2008	\$ 301
Net income	 1
Balance as of December 31, 2009	\$ 302

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2009

(in thousands of dollars)	
Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 1_
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in	
operating activities	
Change in federal income tax payable	 (2)
Net cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities	 (1)
Cash and cash equivalents	
Beginning of year	 304
End of year	\$ 303

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

American Family Securities, LLC (herein referred to as the "Company") is a limited liability company whose sole member is American Family Mutual Insurance Company (the "Parent" or "AFMIC") located in Madison, Wisconsin. The Company is a non-clearing, registered broker-dealer with the Securities Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. Until September 30, 2009, the Company was the principal underwriter of variable universal life and annuity products issued by American Family Life Insurance Company ("AFLIC"), a wholly owned subsidiary of AFMIC. AFLIC ceased the issuance of these products as of September 30, 2009.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these statements include:

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include money market mutual funds carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

b. Commissions

Commission revenue represents reimbursement by AFLIC to the Company for 2009 commission expense paid on behalf of the Company, by the parent, to its registered agents.

c. Management Fees

Management fees represent reimbursement by AFLIC to the Company for total expenses incurred, excluding commissions and net of other revenue.

d. Intercompany Expense Allocation

The Company shares certain administrative, occupancy and marketing expenses with AFMIC and other affiliated companies. Such expenses are allocated to the Company at cost in proportion to estimated utilization. Allocation methods are refined periodically in light of current operations and resources utilized by the Company. Allocated expenses amounted to \$14.1 million for 2009.

e. Federal Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a limited liability company and, as such, is classified as a disregarded entity for federal and state income tax purposes. The Company is included in the federal consolidated tax return as part of AFMIC. The consolidated AFMIC group is subject to a tax allocation agreement under which each member's tax liability equals or approximates separate return calculations with current credit for net losses and tax credits utilized by other members of the group. The tax provision is based on estimated taxable income at the date of the financial statements using currently enacted tax laws and rates. Income tax expense or benefit computed is paid to or reimbursed by AFMIC.

f. Statement of Cash Flows

The Company paid income taxes of \$3,000 during 2009. The Company paid no interest in 2009.

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC)

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2009

g. Fair Value Measurements

Financial assets and financial liabilities recorded on the Statement of Financial Condition at fair value are categorized based on the reliability of inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1 Financial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the Company can access.
- Level 2 Financial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on the following:

 Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

 Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in non-active markets; or

 Valuation models whose inputs are observable, directly or indirectly, for substantially
 the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Financial assets and financial liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs may reflect the Company's estimates of the assumptions that market participants would use in valuing the financial assets and financial liabilities.

The availability of observable inputs varies by instrument. In situations where fair value is based on internally developed pricing models or inputs that are unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. In many instances, inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

The fair value guidance establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in determining fair value that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that observable inputs be used when available.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant who owns an asset or owes a liability. Accordingly, when market observable data is not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would be presumed to use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market disruption. In periods of market disruption, the ability to observe prices and inputs may be reduced for many instruments. This condition could cause an instrument to be reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 or from Level 2 to Level 3.

Summary of Significant Valuation Techniques for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities on a Recurring Basis

Short-term investments are comprised of actively traded money market funds that have daily quoted net asset values for identical assets that the Company can access. These investments are included as Cash Equivalents on the Statement of Financial Condition and are categorized as Level 1 assets. The Company has no assets categorized as Level 2 or Level 3 assets. Other valuations consist of cash, which is carried at cost.

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

The following table summarizes the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2009:

		l Prices in Markets for	Signific	ant Other	Sigr	ificant				
	Identic	al Assets	Observ	able inputs	Unobserv	able Inputs	0	ther	Balar	nce as of
(in thousands of dollars)	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)		Valuations		December 31, 2009	
Financial assets										
Short-term investments	\$	285	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	285
Total recurring basis assets		285		-		-		-		285
Valued at cost, amortized cost or using										
the equity method		_		-		-		18		18
Total financial assets	\$	285	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18	\$	303

h. Adopted Accounting Guidance

In May 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance for subsequent events, which addresses the accounting for and disclosure of subsequent events not addressed in other applicable GAAP, including disclosure of the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated. This guidance is effective for interim or annual periods ending after June 15, 2009.

i. Emerging Accounting Matters

The Company continually monitors emerging accounting standards and evaluates the impact of these changes on the Company. As of December 31, 2009, the Company has determined that there are no standards that have been issued but not yet adopted by the Company that would have a material impact on the Company's financial position.

j. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2009 through February 22, 2010, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, no events have occurred subsequent to December 31, 2009 that require disclosure or adjustment to the financial statements at that date or for the period then ended.

2. Regulatory Net Capital Requirement

Pursuant to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule ("Rule 15c3-1"), the Company is required to maintain net capital and an allowable ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as defined under this rule. The Company operates under the basic method which requires minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$297,000 which was \$292,000 in excess of its required minimum net capital. At December 31, 2009, the Company had a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital of 0.0019 to 1, which did not exceed the maximum allowable ratio.

American Family Securities, LLC (A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC) Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

3. Related Parties

The Company presently has no employees. The Parent has entered into an agreement to provide certain services to the Company. As part of this agreement, the Parent provides the Company with funds sufficient to maintain excess net capital at all times that is at least equal to 200% of the Company's net capital requirements.

AFMIC, AFLIC and the Company have entered into a Right of Setoff Agreement. The right of setoff exists for the purpose of commission receipts and payments related to the issuance of the variable products and other administrative expenses. As a result of this agreement, the Company has no receivable or payable relating to these related party transactions.

4. Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties and which provide general indemnifications. The Company's maximum exposure is unknown, as any such exposure would result from future claims that may be, but have not yet been, made against the Company based on events which have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, management believes the risk of loss from these arrangements to be remote.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

American Family Securities, LLC
(A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC)
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 **December 31, 2009**

(in thousands of dollars)		
Member's equity	\$	302
Deductions and charges:		
Haircut on money market fund		5
Net capital		297
Minimum net capital requirement (the greater of		
\$5 or 6-2/3% aggregate indebtedness)		5
Net capital in excess of requirement		292
Aggregate indebtedness	\$	1
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.0	0019 to 1

There were no differences between the above computation of net capital and the corresponding computation submitted by the Company in Part IIA of their unaudited Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009.

American Family Securities, LLC

(A Limited Liability Company wholly owned by AFMIC)
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
December 31, 2009

The Company claims exemption from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in accordance with paragraph k(1). Accordingly, the Company is not required to submit a computation for determination of reserve requirements or information relating to possession or control requirements.

There were no differences between the above information and the information submitted by the Company in Part IIA of their unaudited Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009.



PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP One North Wacker Chicago IL 60606 Telephone (312) 298 2000 Facsimile (312) 298 2001

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To Board of Directors and Member of: American Family Securities, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of American Family Securities, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the following:

- The periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11);
 and
- 2. Determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; and
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls activities and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first, second, and third paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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February 19, 2010